POSFREA[™] (palonosetron) Injection

BILLING AND CODING GUIDE

If you have additional billing and coding questions, please call your Field Reimbursement Manager or AVYXASSIST™ at 866-939-8927. Our Patient Access Specialists are available to assist Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET.

Please see Important Safety Information on pages 3 and 13-16 and full Prescribing Information for POSFREA.™



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The contents herein provide general coverage, coding, and payment information about POSFREA.™ The information within this guide was obtained from third-party sources and is made available for reference only. It is not exhaustive, is subject to change, and does not constitute billing, coding, or legal advice. Healthcare professionals are responsible for determining which code(s), charge(s), or modifier(s), if any, appropriately reflect a service or diagnosis. It is the healthcare professional's responsibility to determine medical necessity and provide adequate documentation. AVYXA™ does not guarantee coverage or payment. Payment and coverage vary by payer. Questions about coding, coverage, and payment may be directed to the applicable third-party payer, reimbursement specialist, and/or legal counsel.

CMS: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; CPT: Current Procedural Terminology; HCPCS: Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System; ICD: International Classification of Diseases; NDC: National Drug Code

INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

INDICATIONS

Chemotherapy-Induced Nausea and Vomiting in Adults

POSFREA™ is indicated for:

- Moderately emetogenic cancer chemotherapy -- prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses
- Highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy -- prevention of acute nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses

Postoperative Nausea and Vomiting in Adults

POSFREA™ is indicated for prevention of postoperative nausea and vomiting (PONV) for up to 24 hours following surgery Efficacy beyond 24 hours has not been demonstrated.

As with other antiemetics, routine prophylaxis is not recommended in patients in whom there is little expectation that nausea and/or vomiting will occur postoperatively. In patients where nausea and vomiting must be avoided during the postoperative period, POSFREA™ is recommended even where the incidence of postoperative nausea and/or vomiting is low.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

CONTRAINDICATION

POSFREA™ is contraindicated in patients known to have hypersensitivity to the drug or any of its components

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Hypersensitivity

Hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with or without known hypersensitivity to other 5- $\mathrm{HT_3}$ receptor antagonists.

Serotonin Syndrome

The development of serotonin syndrome has been reported with 5-HT₃ receptor antagonists. Most reports have been associated with concomitant use of serotonergic drugs (e.g., selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), serotonin and norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs), monoamine oxidase inhibitors, mirtazapine, fentanyl, lithium, tramadol, and intravenous methylene blue). Some of the reported cases were fatal. Serotonin syndrome occurring with overdose of another 5-HT₃ receptor antagonist alone has also been reported. The majority of reports of serotonin syndrome related to 5-HT₃ receptor antagonist use occurred in a post-anesthesia care unit or an infusion center.

Symptoms associated with serotonin syndrome may include the following combination of signs and symptoms: mental status changes (e.g. agitation, hallucinations, delirium, and coma), autonomic instability (e.g., tachycardia, labile blood pressure, dizziness, diaphoresis, flushing, hyperthermia), neuromuscular symptoms (e.g., tremor, rigidity, myoclonus, hyperreflexia, incoordination), seizures, with or without gastrointestinal symptoms (e.g., nausea, vomiting, diarrhea). Patients should be monitored for the emergence of serotonin syndrome, especially with concomitant use of POSFREA™ and other serotonergic drugs. If symptoms of serotonin syndrome occur, discontinue POSFREA™ and initiate supportive treatment. Patients should be informed of the increased risk of serotonin syndrome, especially if POSFREA™ is used concomitantly with other serotonergic drugs

POSFREA™

(palonosetron) Injection

Ordering Information

To order POSFREA™ (palonosetron) Injection, please contact one of these authorized specialty distributors and use the appropriate order #:



0.25 mg/5 mL (0.05 mg/mL) NDC: 83831-0105-01

Institutions/Hospitals	0.25 mg/5 mL (0.05 mg/mL)
Cardinal Health Specialty	5945779
CENCORA - ASD Healthcare	10292116
Physician Offices	0.25 mg/5 mL (0.05 mg/mL)
Cardinal Health Specialty	5945779
Oncology Supply	10292154
McKesson Specialty Health	5018368



Highlights¹

- Free from disodium edetate (EDTA)
- · Free from sodium citrate
- · Not made with natural rubber
- Unique J-Code: J2468



Simplifying Patient Access, Providing Comprehensive Support.

AVYXASSIST™ can offer support to qualifying patients in need. The program provides the following services*

- **Senetit verification**
- **Y** Prior authorization requirements
- **✓** Appeals process information
- **∀** Referrals to 501(c)(3) foundations when applicable
- Free product assistance (uninsured or underinsured), bridge supply (coverage delays)
- Product replacement
- **Copay assistance**

COPAY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Eligible patients may pay as little as

OR

TO ENROLL, PLEASE CHOOSE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS



Phone

866-939-8927 Monday through Friday 8 AM to 8 PM ET

CALL NOW



Online

Click on the link below to begin your online enrollment

ENROLL NOW



Fax

Download, print and fax the completed enrollment form to 833-852-3420

DOWNLOAD NOW

OR

^{*}For Eligibility Requirements Please Contact A Patient Access Specialist. Terms And Conditions Apply.

Billing and Coding Information

The information provided is for informational purposes only and represents no statement, promise, or guarantee by AVYXA™ concerning reimbursement, payment, or charges. The information provided is not intended to increase or maximize reimbursement by any payer. Healthcare professionals are responsible for selecting appropriate codes used to file a claim. Codes should be based on the patient's diagnosis and the items and services furnished by the healthcare professional. All codes should be verified between the healthcare professional and the payer. AVYXA™ does not recommend the use of any particular diagnosis code in any billing situation for POSFREA™ (palonosetron) Injection. The below codes are for reference only; coding as submitted is the sole responsibility of the prescribing physician.

NDCs for POSFREA™ INJECTION¹

NDC	Strength	Vial Size
83831-0105-01	0.25 mg/5 mL (0.05 mg/mL)	Single-dose vial, carton of 1

HCPCS Code²

HCPCS Level II codes are used to identify most drugs and biologics that are given in the office.

POSFREA™ Unique J-Code	Description
J2468	Injection, palonosetron hydrochloride (AVYXA™), not therapeutically equivalent to J2469, 25 micrograms

POSFREA™ J-Code Billing Unit Conversion³

25 micrograms of POSFREA™ equals one (1) billing unit. When billing for quantities greater than 25 micrograms, indicate the total amount used as a multiple of billing units on the claim form. Examples:

Vial Strength	Billing Units
One (1) Vial (5 mL) or 0.25 mg	10 billing units

NOTE: There are a few HCPCS codes for palonosetron but there is only one HCPCS code for **POSFREA™** (J2468), so please make sure the HCPCS code matches the product purchased and administered.

CPT Drug Administration Codes^{3,4}

CPT codes are used to bill drug administration services provided in the physician's office and other outpatient settings.

CPT Code	Description
96374	Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); intravenous push, single or initial substance/drug
96375*	Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); each additional sequential intravenous push of a new substance/drug (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

CPT codes, descriptions, and other data only are copyright 2022 American Medical Association. All Rights Reserved. Applicable FARS/ HHSARS apply. Fee schedules, relative value units, conversion factors and/or related components are not assigned by the AMA, are not part of CPT, and the AMA is not recommending their use. The AMA does not directly or indirectly practice medicine or dispense medical services. The AMA assumes no liability for data contained or not contained herein.

POSFREA™ is packaged as a single-dose vial¹. Medicare will pay for drug waste on single-use items that are medically necessary and appropriately documented in the patient's medical record. Medicare requires discarded drugs to be reported with the JW modifier on a separate line; if there is no waste, POSFREA™ must be billed on one line with modifier -JZ. Medicare requires this; please ascertain if other payers require JZ and JW modifiers.⁵

*The recommended dosage of POSFREA™ for chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting is a 0.25 mg dose over 30 seconds, starting the dosing approximately 30 minutes before the start of chemotherapy.¹ If administered 30 minutes before chemotherapy, providers may bill CPT Code 96375, indicating POSFREA™ as an additional, sequential push of a new substance or drug.

ICD Diagnosis Codes^{6,7}

For Drugs with multiple indications, it is best practice to code the most specific ICD-10-CM Code within the indication to justify medical necessity.

International Classification of Disease, 10th Edition, Clinical Modification Codes for POSFREA™		
Indication	ICD-10-CM Codes	
Adverse Effect – Anesthetics	T41.0X5A, T41.1X5A, T41.205A, T41.295A, T41.45XA, T88.59XA	
Adverse Effect – Antineoplastic and Immunosuppressive Drugs	T41.1X5A, T41.1X5D, T41.1X5S	
Encounter for Antineoplastic Chemotherapy	Z51.11	
Encounter for Antineoplastic Immunotherapy	Z51.12	
Vomiting and Nausea	R11.0, R11.10, R11.11, R11.12, R11.2	

POSFREA™ Billing and Coding Information: ICD Diagnosis Codes by Indication

ICD-10-CM coding for POSFREA™ varies greatly by payer. Please check with each payer to ascertain the best coding for POSFREA™ according to their policy.

Adverse Effect – Anesthetics: ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding	
ICD-10 Code	Descriptor
T41.0X5A	Adverse effect of inhaled anesthetics, initial encounter
T41.1X5A	Adverse effect of intravenous anesthetics, initial encounter
T41.205A	Adverse effect of unspecified general anesthetics, initial encounter
T41.295A	Adverse effect of other general anesthetics, initial encounter
T41.45XA	Adverse effect of unspecified general anesthetics, initial encounter
T88.59XA	Adverse effect of other general anesthetics, initial encounter

Adverse Effect – Antineoplastic and Immunosuppressive Drugs: ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding	
ICD-10 Code	Descriptor
T45.1X5A	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs, initial encounter
T45.1X5D	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs, subsequent encounter
T45.1X5S	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs, sequela

Encounter for Chemotherapy: ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding		
ICD-10 Code	Descriptor	
Z51.11	Encounter for antineoplastic chemotherapy	
Encounter for Immunotherapy: ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding		
ICD-10 Code	Descriptor	
Z 51.12	Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy	

Vomiting and Nausea: ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Coding	
ICD-10 Code	Descriptor
R11.0	Nausea
R11.10	Vomiting, unspecified
R11.11	Vomiting without nausea
R11.12	Projectile vomiting
R11.2	Nausea with vomiting, unspecified

SAMPLE UB-04 / CMS 1450 Claim Form

Form Locator (FL) 42

(Electronic Claim Form =Loop 2400, Segment Type SV201):

List the appropriate revenue code for the drug. Match the descriptor for POSFREA™ Injection to your revenue code, 0260.

Additionally, enter an appropriate revenue code for the administration service, 0335 for chemotherapy, or others based on the cost center in which the service was performed.

FL 43

(NOT REQUIRED BY MEDICARE):

Enter the description of the procedure for the Revenue Code billed. If required, the N4 indicator first, then the 11-digit NDC code. In the third place, list the unit measurement code and the quantity. Check with other payers for their requirements.

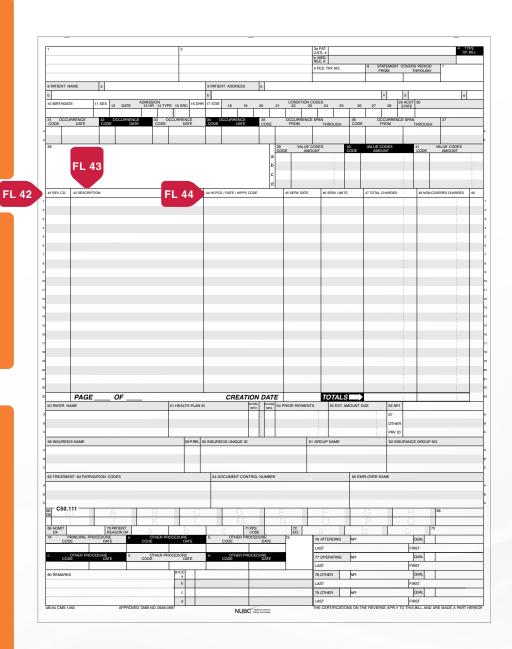
FL 44

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2400, SV202-1=HC/HP):

Enter the appropriate HCPCS code - J2468: Injection, palonosetron hydrochloride (AVYXA™), not therapeutically equivalent to J2469, 25 micrograms

POSFREA™ Injection is packaged as a single-dose vial. Medicare requires drug waste be reported with the -JW modifier on a separate line. If there is no waste, POSFREA™ Injection must be billed on one line with modifier -JZ. Medicare requires this; please ascertain if other payers require JZ and JW modifiers

For administration, enter the appropriate code or codes for the infusion duration. As an example, a 30 second infusion of POSFREA™ Injection requires code CPT Code 96374.



FL 45

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2400, Segment DTP/472/03):

Enter the date of service

FL 46

FL 46 (Electronic Claim Form Loop 2400, SV205):

Enter the units for the HCPCS code billed. Enter the number of service units for each item. For example, 10 units if using one .25mg/5ml single-dose vial of POSFREA™ Injection

FL 63

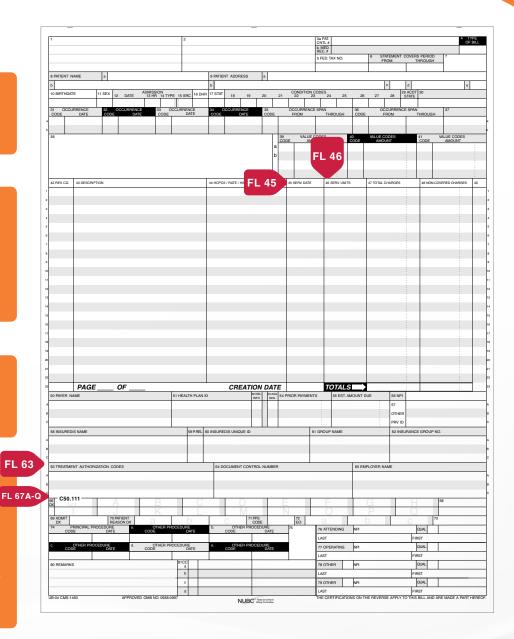
(Electronic Claim Form= Loop 2300, REF/G1/02):

Enter treatment authorization code.

FL 67A-Q

FL 67A-Q (Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2300, Hl01-2 (Hl01-1+BK):

Enter a diagnosis code for the drug documented in the medical record. Be as specific as possible. The code listed here is an example for POSFREA™ Injection: **Z51.11, Encounter for antineoplastic chemotherapy**



[1] CPT Code 96374: Therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection (specify substance or drug); intravenous push, single or initial substance/drug. Initial infusion times may vary. *Electronic Claims Reference:* ASC 837I Version 5010A2 Institutional Health Care Claim to the CMS-1450 Claim Form Crosswalk." Palmettogba.Com. Palmetto GBA, Accessed April 3, 2023. https://www.palmettogba.com/palmetto/providers.nsf/files/EDI_837I_v5010A2_crosswalk.pdf/\$FILE/EDI_837I_v5010A2_crosswalk.pdf.

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SAMPLE CMS 1500 Claim Form

Box 21

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2300, Segment H101-2 through H112=2):

Enter the patient's diagnosis from the patient's medical record. An example code for POSFREA™ injection is **Z51.11**Encounter for Antineoplastic
Chemotherapy

Use Box 21 B-L fields for secondary diagnoses.

Box 23

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2300, REF02):

Enter prior authorization number if one exists.

Box 24D

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2400, Segment SV101):

Enter the appropriate HCPCS code - J2468: Injection, palonosetron hydrochloride (AVYXA™), not therapeutically equivalent to J2469, 25 micrograms

Box 21

POSFREA™ Injection is packaged as a single-dose vial. Medicare requires drug waste be reported with the -JW modifier on a separate line. If there is no waste, POSFREA™ Injection must be billed on one line with modifier -JZ. Medicare requires this; please ascertain if other payers require JZ and JW modifiers.

For administration, enter the appropriate code or codes for the infusion duration. As an example, CPT code 96375 indicates a therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic injection. List this code separately to primary procedure, 96413, chemotherapy administration.

Box 24E

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2400, Segment SV107):

Specify the diagnosis letter that corresponds with the drug and drug administration code(s) in Box 21

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Box 24G

(Electronic Claim Form = Loop 2400, SV104):

Enter the number of service units for each item.

Box 24A-B

(Electronic Claim Form: Box 24A (Electronic Claims = Loop 2400, DTP02 Box 24 B (Loop 2300/2400, Segment CLM05-1/ SV105)

In the non-shaded area, enter the appropriate date of service and place o service code. Example: Office = 11

In the shaded area, enter the N4 indicator first, then the 11-digit NDC code. In the third space, list the quantity and, last, the unit measurement code.

An example for this drug is N4838310105015ML

Box 24A-B



[1] CPT Code 96413 Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique; up to 1 hour, single or initial substance/druglnitial infusion times may vary. *Electronic Claim Reference:* Noridian Healthcare (n.d.). CMS-1500 Claim Form Crosswalk to EMC Loops and Segments. Noridian Healthcare Solutions. Retrieved April 5, 2023, from https://med.noridianmedicare.com/web/jeb/topics/claim-submission/cms-1500-crosswalk-emc-loops-segments

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ADVERSE REACTIONS

Clinical Trials Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice.

The safety of POSFREA™ has been established from adequate and well-controlled studies of another intravenous formulation of palonosetron HCl. Below is a display of the adverse reactions of palonosetron HCl in these adequate and well-controlled studies.

Chemotherapy-Induced Nausea and Vomiting:

In clinical trials for the prevention of nausea and vomiting induced by moderately or highly emetogenic chemotherapy, 633 adult patients received a single 0.25 mg dose of palonosetron HCl, 410 patients received a single 32 mg dose of ondansetron and 194 patients received a single 100 mg dose of dolasetron. Adverse reactions were similar in frequency and severity with intravenous palonosetron HCl, ondansetron or dolasetron. The following adverse reactions were reported by \geq 2% of patients in these trials who received palonosetron HCL 0.25 mg intravenously, ondansetron 32 mg intravenously, or dolasetron 100 mg intravenously, respectively: headache (9%, 8%, 16%, respectively), constipation (5%, 2%, 6%, respectively), diarrhea (1%, 2%, 2%, respectively), dizziness (1%, 2%, 2%, respectively), fatigue (<1%, 1%, 2%, respectively).

In other studies, 2 subjects experienced severe constipation following a single palonosetron HCl dose of approximately 0.75 mg, three times the recommended dose.

In clinical trials, the following infrequently reported adverse reactions, assessed by investigators as treatment-related or causality unknown, occurred following administration of palonosetron HCl to adult patients receiving concomitant cancer chemotherapy:

Cardiovascular: 1%: non-sustained tachycardia, bradycardia, hypotension, < 1%: hypertension, myocardial ischemia, extrasystoles, sinus tachycardia, sinus arrhythmia, supraventricular extrasystoles and QT prolongation. In many cases, the relationship to palonosetron was unclear.

Dermatological: < 1%: allergic dermatitis, rash.

Hearing and Vision: < 1%: motion sickness, tinnitus, eye irritation and amblyopia.

Gastrointestinal System: 1%: diarrhea, < 1%: dyspepsia, abdominal pain, dry mouth, hiccups and flatulence.

General: 1%: weakness, < 1%: fatigue, fever, hot flash, flu-like syndrome.

Liver: < 1%: transient, asymptomatic increases in AST and/or ALT and bilirubin. These changes occurred predominantly in patients receiving highly emetogenic chemotherapy.

Metabolic: 1%: hyperkalemia, < 1%: electrolyte fluctuations, hyperglycemia, metabolic acidosis, glycosuria, appetite decrease, anorexia.

Musculoskeletal: < 1%: arthralgia.

Nervous System: 1%: dizziness, < 1%: somnolence, insomnia, hypersomnia, paresthesia.

Psychiatric: 1%: anxiety, < 1%: euphoric mood.

Urinary System: < 1%: urinary retention.

Vascular: < 1%: vein discoloration, vein distention.

Postoperative Nausea and Vomiting:

Adverse reactions occurred in adults receiving intravenous palonosetron HCI 0.075 mg immediately before induction of anesthesia in three randomized placebo-controlled trials. Rates of adverse reactions between palonosetron HCI and placebo groups were similar. Some events are known to be associated with, or may be exacerbated by concomitant perioperative and intraoperative medications administered in this surgical population. The following adverse reactions were reported by $\geq 2\%$ of patients in these trials who received palonosetron HCL 0.075 mg intravenously (N=336) compared to placebo (N=369): electrocardiogram QT prolongation (5% vs. 3%), bradycardia (4% vs. 4%), headache (3% vs 4%), and constipation (2% vs 3%).

In these clinical trials, the following infrequently reported adverse reactions, assessed by investigators as treatmentrelated or causality unknown, occurred following administration of palonosetron HCl to adult patients receiving concomitant perioperative and intraoperative medications including those associated with anesthesia:

Cardiovascular: 1% electrocardiogram QTc prolongation, sinus bradycardia, tachycardia; <1%: blood pressure decreased, hypotension, hypertension, arrhythmia, ventricular extrasystoles, generalized edema; ECG T wave amplitude decreased, platelet count decreased. The frequency of these adverse effects did not appear to be different from placebo.

Dermatological: 1%: pruritus.

Gastrointestinal System: 1%: latulence, < 1%: dry mouth, upper abdominal pain, salivary hypersecretion, dyspepsia, diarrhea, intestinal hypomotility, anorexia.

General: < 1%: chills.

Liver: 1%: increases in AST and/or ALT< 1%: hepatic enzyme increased.

Metabolic: < 1%: hypokalemia, anorexia.

Nervous System: : < 1%: dizziness.

Respiratory: < 1%: hypoventilation, laryngospasm.

Urinary System: 1%: urinary retention.

Postmarketing Experience

The following adverse reactions have been identified during post approval use of another intravenous formulation of palonosetron HCl. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

Very rare cases (<1/10,000) of hypersensitivity reactions including anaphylaxis and anaphylactic shock and injection site reactions (burning, induration, discomfort and pain) were reported from postmarketing experience of palonosetron HCl 0.25 mg in the prevention of chemotherapy- induced nausea and vomiting.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

Serotonergic Drugs

Serotonin syndrome (including altered mental status, autonomic instability, and neuromuscular symptoms) has been described following the concomitant use of 5-HT3 receptor antagonists and other serotonergic drugs, including selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) and serotonin and noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs). Monitor for the emergence of serotonin syndrome. If symptoms occur, discontinue POSFREA[™] and initiate supportive treatment.

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Pregnancy

Risk Summary:

There are no available data on palonosetron HCl use in pregnant women to inform a drug- associated risk. In animal reproduction studies, no effects on embryo-fetal development were observed with the administration of oral palonosetron HCl to rats and rabbits during organogenesis at doses up to 1894 and 3789 times the recommended human intravenous dose, respectively [see Data below].

The estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage for the indicated population is unknown. In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2 to 4% and 15 to 20%, respectively.

Data:

Animal Data

In animal reproduction studies, no effects on embryo-fetal development were observed in pregnant rats given oral palonosetron HCl at doses up to 60 mg/kg/day (1894 times the recommended human intravenous dose based on body surface area) or pregnant rabbits given oral doses up to 60 mg/kg/day (3789 times the recommended human intravenous dose based on body surface area) during the period of organogenesis.

Lactation

Risk Summary:

There are no data on the presence of palonosetron in human milk, the effects of palonosetron on the breastfed infant, or the effects of palonosetron on milk production. The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for POSFREA™ and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from palonosetron or from the underlying maternal condition.

Pediatric Use

This product has not been approved for use in pediatric patients for prevention of chemotherapy- induced nausea and vomiting.

The safety and effectiveness of POSFREA™ for prevention of postoperative nausea and vomiting have not been established in pediatric patients.

Geriatric Use

Of the 1374 adult cancer patients in clinical studies of intravenously administered palonosetron HCl for CINV, 316 (23%) were aged 65 years and over, while 71 (5%) were aged 75 years and over. Of the 1520 adult patients in clinical studies of intravenously administered palonosetron HCl for PONV, 73 (5%) were age 65 years older. No overall differences in safety or effectiveness were observed between these subjects and the younger subjects, but greater sensitivity in some older individuals cannot be ruled out. Population pharmacokinetics analysis did not reveal any differences in palonosetron pharmacokinetics between cancer patients ≥ 65 years of age and younger patients. No dose adjustment or special monitoring are required for geriatric patients.

No overall differences in safety were observed between older and younger subjects in these studies, though the possibility of heightened sensitivity in some older individuals cannot be excluded. No differences in efficacy were observed in geriatric patients for the CINV indication and none are expected for geriatric PONV patients. However, palonosetron HCI efficacy in geriatric patients has not been adequately evaluated.

OVERDOSAGE

There is no known antidote to palonosetron HCI. Overdose should be managed with supportive care.

Dialysis studies have not been performed, however, due to the large volume of distribution, dialysis is unlikely to be an effective treatment for palonosetron HCl overdose. A single intravenous dose of palonosetron HCl at 30 mg/kg (947 and 474 times the human dose for rats and mice, respectively, based on body surface area) was lethal to rats and mice. The major signs of toxicity were convulsions, gasping, pallor, cyanosis and collapse.

Please see the full Prescribing Information for safety information, and dosing guidelines.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Avyxa Pharma, LLC at 1-888-520-0954 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

Notes	

References:

- 1. POSFREA™ Full Prescribing Information. Parsippany, NJ. AVYXA™ Pharma. Revised July 2024.
- **2.** CMS. Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Level II Coding Procedures 2023. Accessed August 19, 2024. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/coding-billing/healthcare-common-procedure-system
- **3.** CMS. Billing and Coding: Approved Drugs and Pharmaceuticals; Includes Cancer Chemotherapeutic Agents. Revised November 2, 2023. https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/view/article.aspx?articleId=53049&ver=98
- 4. Current Procedural Terminology. 2024 ® American Medical Association
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- **6.** CDC. Classification of Diseases, Functioning, and Disability. Revised June 7, 2024 https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/
- **7.** CDC. National Center for Health Statistics. ICD-10-CM Fiscal Year Releases. Revised April 1, 2024. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd-10-cm/files.html

